



Prevocational Training Term Description: Obstetrics & Gynaecology

Date of term description version	January 2024
Date term last accredited	April 2022

Term Details						
Facility	North Canberra Hospital (NCH)					
Term name*	Obstetrics & G	ynaecology				
Term specialty*	Obstetrics & G	ynaecology				
Term location	Level 3 Marion	Building				
Classification of clinical experience in term* (Highlight a maximum of 2)	Un- differentiatedChronic illnessAcute critical illnessPeri- operative/ patient careNon-direct clinical 					
Is this a service term? Service term is a term with discontinuous learning experiences including limited access to education program or limited access to regular within-unit learning activities or less/ discontinuous overarching supervision (e.g., relief term or nights with limited staff).					No	
Term duration (weeks)*	12-14 weeks (depending on term dates)					
Term accredited for	PGY1 and PGY2 PGY2 Only			only		
Total number of prevocational training places	4	4 Limitations/conditions In some terms, the CRMEC will make limitations (e.g. skills mix or minimum numbers) There is a requirement to maintain a <u>minimum</u> number of PGY2 doctors required in thi term at any one time			<u>m</u> number of 3 quired in this	

Term Supervision						
Term Supervisor (name and position) Term supervisor is responsible for conducting term orientation, discussing the PGY1/2's learning needs with them, and conducting and documenting a midterm and end-of-term assessment. Term supervisors must complete mandatory training and commit to a code of conduct outlining their responsibilities.		Dr Bhathiya Hannedege				
Clinical team supervision	Primary/Immediate Clinical Supervisors (name and position) Clinical supervisor is a consultant or senior medical practitioner (PGY3+) with experience in managing patients in the relevant discipline. They are readily accessible for support, provide education, conduct EPAs and contribute to assessment.	Dr Bhathiya Hannedege Staff Specialist Dr Murad Al-Aker Clinical Director Dr Uchefuna Menakaya, VMO Dr Roji Ahuja VMO Dr Sonia Hossain VMO Dr Ben Stephens VMO				





			Dr Sim Hom Tam VMO The assigned day cons review tasks as needed	ultant is available to	
	Additional Clinical Supervisors (positions) Position of others (PGY3+) responsible for day-day clinical supervision, including after-hours supervisors.		 A registrar is assigned to review tasks as needed. The Office of the Unit Director and Staff Specialist is located on the ward, and operates with an 'open door' policy, so they are available if there are any concerns or to provide additional support. Ward 3S other clinical staff. 		
	EPA Assessors Name and position of others (PGY3+) who have completed training to undertake EPA assessments.		Clinical supervisors and completed EPA trainin	d registrars must have g to be an EPA assessor.	
Clinical Team Structure* Highlight the team model, identify and describe the clinical team structure		Ward Based	Team Based Other		
	PGY1/2s are distributed	evenly among the team	nsultant or registrar. The work is allocated members. The RMOs are also allocated to en nights and their clinical ward team.		

Commencing the Term	
Requirements for commencing the term* If there are any specific requirements (e.g., courses, procedural skills or e-learning requirements) provide details of how the prevocational doctor will receive this training/will be assessed.	The JMO staff are assumed to have general medical skills commensurate with a resident medical officer of their level. It would be appreciated if JMOs could prepare themselves for the O&G term by reviewing the key components of antenatal, post- natal and gynaecological history taking.
Orientation Include detail regarding the arrangements for orientation to the term, including who is responsible for workplace orientation and any additional resource documents such as clinical policies and guidelines required as reference material. The term supervisor is responsible for orienting the JMO to the term requirements and clinical expectations within the first week of starting the term.	 Start of term Orientation delivered by Medical Administration. Mandatory ward orientation with CNC of the department. Orientation is organised in the first week for Theatres which includes scrubbing and gloving techniques. Ward Orientation: 0730- Attend handover in Nancy's room- SR +/- Head of department 0830 - Ward orientation, book well-baby check credentialing with Paediatrician. PGY will be required to be achieve proficiency in this task as judged by the paediatrician by the end of their first week.
	 1300-1430 - Meet with Department director, review unit schedule, responsibilities, expectations, 1st port-of-call for support for each area, and triggers to call them.





 1430-1530 Complete orientation - Birth Suite, Birth Centre, Gynae Clinic, Antenatal clinic, Theatres 1530-1600 Review
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Overview of the Unit	
The role of the unit and range of clinical services provided, including an outline of the patient case mix, turnover and how acutely ill the patients generally are	North Canberra Hospital (NCH) maternity serves predominantly for the north side of Canberra and surrounding NSW. Births average 1700 per year. Births focus on low to medium risk patients, with higher-risk patients generally attend Canberra Hospital Health Services (CHHS). This setting provides an ideal environment for a PGY to gain experience in the type of obstetric care that is undertaken in general practice shared-care arrangements. It also provides exposure to peripartum care of a standard that would provide an excellent introduction to specialty training. Antenatal clinics are run twice weekly, and the hospital also provides a community midwifery service. Obstetrics services are supported by a level 2 Nursery. Medical Staff trained in neonatal resuscitation routinely attend all elective and emergency caesarean sections. A term in obstetrics and gynaecology at a middle level hospital like NCH provides an almost unique opportunity for PGY's to become part of a multidisciplinary team providing care that is supportive, procedural and social. This in the backbone of general practice for trainees interested in women's health, but also provides a stepping stone for trainees who have an interest in the specialty and wish to proceed further. Few other specialties allow junior trainees to have direct, supervised procedural experience.
Clinical responsibilities and tasks of the prevocational doctor Provide an overview of the routine duties and responsibilities	 Junior doctors can expect to undertake the following: Daily ward rounds Daily reviews of postoperative gynaecology patients (3S and 4W) Admissions and discharge processes for maternity and gynaecology patients and neonates Writing and considered review of drug charts, completion and checking of discharge summaries Monitoring of pathology and ultrasound results for all clinical areas including clinics. "Well baby checks", following training and assessment of competency by Paediatricians. All abnormal or uncertain results will be referred to the Paediatricians. Baby checks to be completed in advance in anticipation of a weekend discharge. Assistance of the 'on-call' registrar –this will result in experience including management of outpatient attendances in both birth (delivery) suite and emergency department – this would include procedures such as perineal suturing (conducted only under the direct supervision of a registrar or specialist following appropriate training). Assistance in theatre





	 Attendance at antenatal clinics (Monday PM- GDM/high risk clinic Wednesday PM/Thursday AM) Attendance at Outpatient gynaecology clinics (Monday AM/Wednesday AM and Friday PM)
Work Routine Provide an overview of the work routine	 Junior doctors will accompany the assigned registrar and day consultant on the morning round. Junior doctors will attend antenatal clinic two out of four weeks as supernumerary. They will be allocated their own patients and present them to either the registrar or consultant.
Clinical handover procedure Provide an overview of the handover procedure and expectations in this training term	Morning Handover Daily 0730 -0800 at Nancy's room Afternoon Handover Daily 1230 – 1300 at Birth Suite Evening Handover Daily 2030 - 2100 at Birth Suite To ensure continuity of patient care, the junior doctors handover relevant clinical details to the next junior doctor on shift and receive information from the junior doctor on the previous shift. The junior doctor must ensure that an effective handover occurs, not only to afterhours junior doctors but at the end of term, to the next rotating junior doctor.
Opportunities for Indigenous Health	Aboriginal and Torres Strait islander patients may present within this term and JMOs will be able to engage the support of the Aboriginal Liaison Officer as required for patients and their families and improve their knowledge, and skills around cultural safety.

Term Learning Objectives	
List the term-specific	CLINICAL MANAGEMENT
learning objectives* Note: The listed education opportunities should address all learning	By the completion of this term the JMO may expect to acquire the following knowledge:
objectives	Clinical
	 Develop the ability to conduct a thorough antenatal, postnatal and gynaecological history and examination
	 Gain exposure to intrapartum care (PGY 2+ only)
	 Develop procedural skills in O&G including speculum examination, basic ultrasound (PGY 2+) and suturing (PGY 2+)
	 Understand the nature of pregnancy and the various complications that can present
	 To develop a comprehensive understanding of investigation and management of conditions that arise during pregnancy, as well as a normal pregnant and labouring woman
	• Develop confidence in the management of common gynaecological conditions.





Understand and be able to evaluate the clinical syndromes of:
Early pregnancy bleeding
 Post-operative care of gynaecological patients
Normal pregnancy
• Antenatal bleeding, threatened premature labour or premature rupture of
membranes
Hypertension in pregnancy
The process of normal labour
The process of Induction of labour
• The potential complications of a variety of surgical procedures, and the
consent process for those operations
 Understand the appropriate use of drug therapy in pregnant women and
lactating women
 Understand the concept of a clinical care team and the role of other health
professionals and the importance of functional assessment and social support
systems in managing pregnancy and gynaecology
 Gain knowledge of legal issues including consent, mental competence,
guardianship legislation, enduring power of attorney, duty of care.
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Procedural
 Become proficient in assessment of early pregnancy bleeding e.g. speculum examination (PGY 2+)
 Gain exposure to labour Skills e.g. induction of labour, ARM, vaginal
examination (PGY 2+)
• Gain exposure to post-labour Skills e.g. repair of simple perineal tears (PGY
2+)
 Basic obstetric ultrasound (PGY 2+)
 Be exposed to gynaecological surgical assistance
Be exposed Caesarean section assistance
Be exposed to contraceptive device insertion
Communication learning objectives:
• To be able to communicate effectively with patients and their relatives regardless
of their backgrounds, clinical condition or level of anxiety. This is particularly
important, as it is often the first opportunity for JMOs to have direct experience
with patients in prolonged pain and with high levels anxiety.
 To communicate effectively with all hospital staff facilitating a team approach to
patient care. Clinical obstetrics, in particular, calls for close attention to the
multidisciplinary team.
Professionalism learning objectives:
• To show enthusiasm and initiative for learning and research.
• To be willing to teach and assist other staff.
• To be punctual, reliable and honest and to behave in an ethical manner to patients
and other staff.
 To be prompt and efficient in the management of work and with good
prioritisation of tasks.





Detail education and research opportunities and resources <u>specific to</u> <u>this training term</u> that will be available to the JMO during the term. Formal education opportunities should also be included in the unit timetable and should address the learning objectives for the term	 The following generation BLS training will Tuesday afterno Wednesday lund The following O&G- Tuesday Mornin Multidisciplinan Topics- Basic gy guidelines/polic Lecture Every of a Registrar, a set 	JMOs are encouraged to attend as many educational events as possible. The following general education is available:				
During this term prevocational doctors should expect to complete the following EPAs* (Highlight all that apply)	EPA 1EPA 2EPA 3EPA 4Clinical AssessmentRecognition and care of the acutely unwell patientPrescribing of the acutely unwell handover and referralsTeam communication – documentation, handover and referrals					





Term/Unit Timetable and Indicative Duty Roster*

Include the start time and finish times of the shifts the prevocational doctor will be rostered to. Show the activities that the prevocational doctor are expected/rostered to attend – these include all education opportunities (both training facility-wide and term specific), ward rounds, theatre sessions, inpatient time, outpatient clinics, shift handover, morning handover from hospital night team, afternoon handover to hospital's after hours team. Please include the approximate times of activities wherever possible. If there are extended shifts, evening shifts or weekend shifts attach four weeks of rosters for the whole junior doctor team Day shift: 0730-1600. Evening shift:1200-2200, Weekend:0730-1600

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
0730 Handover	0730 Handover	0730 Handover	0730 Handover	0730 Handover	0730 Handover	0730 Handover
0800 Registrar/	0800 Registrar/	0800 Registrar/	0800 Registrar/	0800- Registrar/	0800- Registrar/	0800- Registrar/
Consultant Ward round	Consultant Ward round	Consultant Ward round	Consultant Ward round	Consultant Ward	Consultant Ward	Consultant Ward
0900 Outpatient Clinic			0900 Antenatal Clinic	round	round	round
		0900 Outpatient Clinic				
	1000-1100 Education					
	Session					
1230-1300 Handover	1230-1300- Handover	1230-1300 Handover	230-1300 Handover	1230-1300 Handover		
1300-1700: High risk ANC						
(GDM)	1300-1500 Education	1200 – 1300				
	Program	Grand Rounds				
				1300 Outpatient Clinic		
	1300-1400	1300- Antenatal Clinic				
	Multidisciplinary					
	Education Session	1600- 1700:			1600 Handover	1600 Handover
		Teaching/Lecture				
2020 2100 Handavar	2020 2100 Handouar	2020 2100 Handouser	2020 2100 Uandouar	2020 2100 Uandavar		
2030-2100 Handover	2030-2100 Handover	2030-2100 Handover	2030-2100 Handover	2030-2100 Handover		





Patient Load Average Per Shift	15-25	
Overtime	Rostered overtime hours/week	5.65 hours per week
	Unrostered overtime hours/week	4 hours per fortnight which can change due to seasonal changes or activity.
 After hours roster Does this term include participation in hospital- wide afterhours roster? If so advise: Frequency of after- hours work, including evenings, nights and weekends (hours/week and weekends/month) Onsite supervision available after hours 	The RMO rostered to O&G participates in evening and weekend rostered hours. During this time there is an O&G registrar available onsite 24/7/365 who are the immediate supervisor the O&G RMOs. In addition to the Registrar there is also rostered O&G Consultant available via switch at all times. Each RMO will be rostered to 1 in 4 weeks on evening and weekend rostering; a total of 15 evening shifts and 6 weekend shifts. When rostered to work on Saturday and Sunday shift (0730 – 1600) the RMO will have the Monday off as an RDO, roster extract below.	
If the JMO will be working outside this term on afterhours roster, provide details of the after-hours work and a four-week roster. The designated after-hours supervisor should be listed in the supervisory team.		

List Other Relevant Documentation

RMO job description Scope of Practice